

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Report of alien passengers arriving at Ponce during the week ended November 28, 1903.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immi- grants.
Nov. 22	Leon XIII	Habana, Port Limon, Colon, Saba- nilla, Curaçao, Puerto Cabello, La Guaira.	2
25	Maracaibo		4
	Total		6

Report of alien passengers arriving at San Juan during the week ended December 5, 1903.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immgrants.
Nov. 29	Buenos Aires	Genoa, Barcelona, Malaga, Cadiz, Las Palmas, Tenerife, La Palma.	79
30	Solent	Barbados, Castries, St. Lucia, Fort de France, Martinique, Dominica, Mon- serrat, St. John, Antigua, St. Chris- topher, and St. Thomas.	19
Dec. 2 4	CaracasOlinde Rodriguez	La Guayra, Puerto Cabello, Curação	
	Total	 	104

Report of alien passengers arriving at Ponce during the week ended December 5, 1903.

Date arriv		Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.
Dec.	1	Miguel Gallard	Barcelona, Palma de Mayorca, Valen- cia, Alicante, Malaga, Cadiz, Las Palmas, Santa Cruz de Tenerife, La Palma.	4
	4	St. Domingue	Fort de France, Pointe a Pitre, Basse Terre, St. Thomas.	3
		Total		7

Report of alien passengers arriving during the week ended November 28, 1903, at the six subports of Porto Rico.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immi- grants.
Nov. 24	MAYAGUEZ. Dominican sloop Corinto	San Pedro de Macoris	2

Aguadilla, Arecibo, Arroyo, Fajardo, and Humacao, no transactions.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

Africa—Sierra Leone.—Two weeks ended November 13, 1903. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 39. No contagious diseases.

Bahamas—Dunmore Town.—Two weeks ended November 27, 1903. Population, 1,232. One death. No contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Week ended November 28, 1903. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay Abacc.—Four weeks ended November 26, 1903. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassan.—Two weeks ended November 30, 1903. Estimated population, 12,390. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

Brazil—Pernambuco.—Two weeks ended October 31, 1903. Estimated population, 200,000. Total number of deaths, 316, including whooping cough 4, smallpox 27, plague 4, and 40 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Canada—British Columbia—Vancouver.—Month of November, 1903. Estimated population, 29,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Three deaths from diphtheria reported.

Quebec—Sherbrooke.—Month of November, 1903. Estimated population, 12,000. Total number of deaths, 23, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, and 6 from measles.

Chile—Antofogasta.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 16,000. Total number of deaths, 67, including smallpox 13 and 9 from tuberculosis.

France—St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended November 15, 1903. Estimated population, 146,671. Total number of deaths 98, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 3, and 13 from tuberculosis.

Germany—Hanover.—Month of September, 1903. Estimated population, 249,243. Total number of deaths 290, including 35 from infectious diseases.

Great Britain—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended November 28, 1903, correspond to an annual rate of 17.6 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,075,011.

London.—One thousand five hundred and thirty-six deaths were registered during the week, including measles 37, scarlet fever 6, diphtheria 9, whooping cough 17, enteric fever 14, smallpox 1, and diarrhea 31. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 17.4 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,992 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 2 from diphtheria, and 3 from scarlet fever.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended November 28, 1903, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 19.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Galway, viz, 3.9, and the highest in Portadown, viz, 46.5 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 188 deaths were registered, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 5, whooping cough 3, and 37 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended November 28, 1903, correspond to an annual rate of 18.7

2269 December 18, 1903

per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,702,912. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Perth, viz, 9.3, and the highest in Paisley, viz, 22.7 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 611, including diphtheria 5, measles 17, scarlet fever 2, smallpox 3, and 9 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended November 10, 1903. Estimated population, 148,883. Total number of deaths not reported. Three deaths from diphtheria, 5 deaths from enteric fever, and 15 from cholera reported.

Java—Batavia.—Week ended October 31, 1903. Population, 150,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Sixteen deaths from cholera reported.

Malta.—Two weeks ended November 14, 1903. Estimated population, 193,315. Total number of deaths, 199, including diptheria 6 and 3 from enteric fever.

Switzerland.—Reports for the two weeks ended November 7, 1903, from 18 cities and towns having an aggregate population of 790,000, show a total of 488 deaths, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 5, measles 5, whooping cough 5, and 65 from phthisis pulmonalis.